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**Detail of subjects to be shifted**

* 1. **B.Sc. (Hon) Botany**

**Introduction**

* it is a 3-year undergraduate course which can be pursued by aspirants who have completed their 12th class with good marks. This course deals with the study of general aspects concerning plant life. Aspirants who successfully complete this course will have a promising career ahead.
* B.Sc. Botany graduates have numerous higher study options available.
* These graduates can do numerous certifications as well.
* They can work in several job profiles

**Eligibility**

10+2 with PCB

**Jobs available**

After PG level there are plenty of jobs are in waiting.

* Teacher in schools and olleges
* Farming Consultant
* Environmental Consultancies
* Plant Pathologies
* Molecular Biologist
* Nursery Manager
* Ecologist
* Plant Explorer

**Institutions/colleges/universities**

* DU colleges, admission strictly on merit
* JMI
* AMU
* CCSU
* Many other private colleges

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* 1. **Allied Sciences. (Subjects included in Allied Sciences are;)**

1. **B.Sc. Anaesthesia Technology.**
2. **B.Sc. Audiology & Speech Language Pathology (BASLP)**
3. **B.Sc. Cardiac Perfusion Technology**
4. **B.Sc. Cardio Vascular Technology**
5. **B.Sc. Diabetes Sciences**
6. **B.Sc. Dialysis Therapy**
7. **B.Sc. Echocardiography**
8. **B.Sc. Emergency Medical Technology**
9. **B.Sc. Intensive care Technology**
10. **B.Sc. Medical Lab Technology**
11. **B.Sc. Medical Radiologic Technology**
12. **B.Sc. Neuro Electro Physiology**
13. **B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology**
14. **B.Sc. Optometry**
15. **B.Sc. Physician Assistant**
16. **B.Sc. Respiratory Therapy**

The course (BASLP) is approved by the Rehabilitation Council of India

***Courses listed above are totally job oriented Hospital based professional courses and will provide high openings in the area of allied health professions in health care industry to the students. There is a shortage of professionals in these fields and hence there is a great demand and scope for these courses***

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**3.40E B.Sc. Diabetes Sciences**

**3.40F B.Sc. Dialysis Therapy**

**3.40G B.Sc. Echocardiography**

**3.40H B.Sc. Emergency Medical Technology**

**3.40(I) B.Sc. Intensive care Technology**

**3.40J B.Sc. Medical Lab Technology**

**3.40K B. Sc. Medical Radiologic Technology**

**3.40L B .Sc. Neuro Electro Physiology**

**3.40M B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology**

**3.40N B.Sc. Optometry**

**3.40(O)B.Sc. Physician Assistant**

**3.40P B.Sc. Respiratory Therapy**

* 1. **B.Sc. Agriculture**

**Agriculture (top 9 courses)**

1. **B.Sc. Agriculture**
   1. **B.Sc. Bio-chemistry**
   2. **B.Sc. Biotechnology**
   3. **B.F.Sc. Fisheries Science**
   4. **B.Sc. Food Quality Assurance**
   5. **B.Sc. Forestry**
   6. **B.Sc. Horticulture**
   7. **B.Sc. Micro-biology**
   8. **BVSc. Veterinary Science**
   9. **Bachelor of Physiotherapy**

**OTHER SCIENCE OPTIONS**

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* 1. **Actuarial Sciences (85)**
  2. **Archeology (55)**
  3. **Art Restoration (56)**
  4. **Astronomy and Astrophysics (5)**
  5. **Computer Science (35)**
  6. **Curator (57)**
  7. **Educational/vocational School Counseling (58)**
  8. **Energy & Power—2 years, NIMS University, Jaipur**
  9. **Environmental Science (37)**
  10. **Fire & safety**
  11. **Geo-informatics**
  12. **Green technology.**
  13. **Material Science**
  14. **Merchant Navy.**
  15. **Meteorology (23)**
  16. **Metallurgy (22)**
  17. **Monuments & Sculpture Restoration (59)**
  18. **Museology (60)**
  19. **Natural-resources and sustainable development.**
  20. **Naturopathy (50)**
  21. **Nuclear Science and Technology.**
  22. **Oceanography (42)**
  23. **Oil & Gas**
  24. **Rehabilitation Psychology (62)**
  25. **Physical Science (26)**
  26. **Rehabilitation Therapy (63)**
  27. **Social Work (64)**
  28. **Space Science.**
  29. **Special Educator (65)**
  30. **Speech Language & hearing (66)**
  31. **Statistical Science (43)**
  32. **Veterinary Science (44)**
  33. **Wildlife Biology (45)**
  34. **Natural-resources and sustainable development.**

**ENGIREERING**

**B.TECH**

* 1. **Advanced Engineering**
  2. **Airspace Engineering (2)**
  3. **Automobiles (6)**
  4. **Artificial Intelligence (4)**
  5. **Bio-technology Engineering (8)**
  6. **Bio-medical Engineering (7)**
  7. **Ceramic Engineering (9)**
  8. **Chemical Engineering (10)**
  9. **Civil Engineering (11)**
  10. **Cloud Computing (Electronics & communication with specialization in**

**Cloud computing & virtualization Technology )**

* 1. **Communication,**
  2. **Computer Applications. (33)**
  3. **Computer Science (34)**
  4. **Computer Science Engineering (12)**
  5. **Cyber Security (35)**
  6. **Electrical Engineering**
  7. **Electrical & electronics Engineering (13)**
  8. **Electronics**
  9. **Electronics & Communication Engineering (14)**
  10. **Fashion Technology (B.Tech.)**
  11. **Geo-informatics,**
  12. **Geo-science,**
  13. **Industrial Engineering (15)**
  14. **Information, communication and Entertainment (16)**
  15. **Instrumentation Engineering (17)**
  16. **Manufacturing Science & Engineering (18)**
  17. **Marine Engineering (19)**
  18. **Material Science and Engineering**
  19. **Mechanical Engineering (20)**
  20. **Mecha-tronics,**
  21. **Medical Electronics Engineering (21)**
  22. **Merchant Navy**
  23. **Mining Engineering (24)**
  24. **Nanotechnology**
  25. **Naval Architecture Engineering (25)**
  26. **Oceanography**
  27. **Oil & Gas.**

* 1. **Polymer Engineering (27)**

**3.142 Robotics (28)**

* 1. **Space Science.**
  2. **Techno-legal etc.**
  3. **Textile Engineering (29)**

**Medical Science & Dentistry**

* 1. **MBBS, (M. D/M.S. in all branches)**
  2. **BUMS.(53)**
  3. **BAMS (47)**
  4. **BHMS (49)**
  5. **Siddha (52)**
  6. **BDS (48)**
  7. **Pharmacy (51)**

**Paramedical**

1. **PG COURSES IN COMMERCE**

* **Certified Financial Planner – CFP**
* **Chartered Financial Analyst (91)**
* **Law graduate and post graduates (LLB & LLM)**

* **LLB**

LLB or an integrated LLB is a professional degree which is meant to enable a graduate to practice the profession. Many law graduates, however, do not remain content with just one degree. Why one should obtain a post graduate credential such as LLM or a diploma in a specific area when a “GOOD”LLB degree is enough for any position in the profession—in judiciary, administration, industry or even in academics. There are a no. of explanations and reasons given by the experts. A few of them are listed below.

* *Increase in the no. of legal conflicts both in social and professional sphere, heightened the demand of qualified lawyers in this segment of specialized law practice, such as copy right, corporate law, criminal law, regulation law, international taxation law, labor law, corporation law, patent law, administrative law etc.*

**Copy right law**

* It falls under intellectual property rights (IPR) *– Many of the fields fall under this law*; such as literature, dramatics, music, artistic works, and creation of cinematography etc.- Copy right protects the inventor, creator against any unauthorized use or misuse of his creation or invention without prior permission. It safeguards certain rights of creator or inventor.
* A career in copy right law involves the registration of copy right with the registration office and prosecution for the protection of creator’s or inventors’ rights in a court of law.
* It can be a lucrative career in India especially in metro cities. It is essential for those who want to pursue in this field of law must have a keen interest in the field of law and copy right. –Since there are no specific courses for copy law , an internship of minimum six months will gain an insight into what the career entails.

**Corporate law**

* Law pertaining to companies and corporations (shareholders, directors, and other stakeholders). -Popularity, due to increasing of business and no. of new companies corporate law is gaining popularity. This branch of law also focus on creating rules for the companies or corporations that are acquiring or being acquired by other companies, or those that are being merged, so as to avoid avoid foul business practices and ensure fair play. Corporate lawyer should also have an in-depth knowledge of criminal law so as to protect companies from any adverse effect. Its practitioner should also have a Through understanding of various laws including principles underlying them such as;

the skills to interpret them

* Effective communication skill and presence of mind.
* Students who wish to pursue a career in stream can go for an LLB degree, specializing in civil law.
* Can work with law firms
* Join the legal department or a company or an organization
* Practice independently
* Fresh entrants can earn up to Rs. 25,000/- per month.

**Criminal law**

* In India a host of laws criminalize various activities. Under these laws, the government, through law enforcement agencies and its prosecution wing, can impose a wide range of penalties on individuals found indulging in prohibited acts. A criminal lawyer can either be a prosecutor or a defense lawyer. *As a prosecutor, he has to establish the guilt of the accused on behalf of the govt. As a defense lawyer, the job is to establish that the prosecution has not established its case ‘beyond reasonable doubt’ and the client is not guilty of the offence he/ she is charge with.*

**Work avenues**

**Corporate law firms**

* practice in courts
* set up their own venture
* in academics where extensive research is being conducted
* can enter the judiciary as a judge.
* Earnings– for fresh entrants, Rs- 20,000/ month

**Internships**

* are an indispensible part of law education

Essential for supplementing the theoretical knowledge. It enables the students to understand the difference between theory and practice.

* To gain insight of the efforts in order to understand difference between theory and practice
* Prepare arguments for a case—research, drafting, and briefing— thus allowing one to be in a better position when one starts working.

**LLM**

* Characterized by fast changing professional requirements necessitated an in-depth knowledge of our respective fields. This situation gives rise to the need of specialization.
* An expertise in any field enables you to understand and handle the complexities of the concerned profession, something which is beyond the domain of ordinary graduates.
* In the era of globalization, liberalization and privatization, the government’s role is changing from being regulators to being facilitators such that domestic legal framework is rapidly changing and we, as legal professionals, have to keep pace with this dynamism’.
* Domain expertise inculcates research abilities and instills a deep understanding of a legal subject in candidates which is possible only through a PG qualification.
* University Grants Commission (UGC) insists on the LLM and National Eligibility Test score for full-time teaching positions.
* Legal education is not just about acquiring knowledge of law; it involves learning skills, professionalism, ethics as well as creative and strategic thinking abilities to solve problems at both individual and social levels.
* Some law schools offer relatively better LLBs, but finding a good LLM program is not easy. Many law students who want to pursue a post graduate degree seek fellowships or take bank loans and migrate to the UK, US, and other countries, most of which offer one-year PG law program. During the course of their program, they acquire some degree of specialize knowledge and skill in emerging areas of law useful to find a job in a law firm in that country or back in India.
* To become eligible for teaching positions or simply to add another degree to their CV.
* PG diplomas do help acquire some specialized knowledge in given areas of law. Students can obtain it through distance education at a negligible cost and help improve performance in one’s career in administration. Economic sectors, Social work etc.

**Popular specializations**

**Earlier the subject area of choice was;**

* Public law,
* constitutional law,
* international law,
* administrative law.

**Now, the rush is towards private law; including;**

* Business and trade law.
* IPR law,
* Competition law,
* Environmental law and
* Criminal law, comparative law,
* Aviation law, air transport management,
* Medical jurisprudence,
* Labor legislation,
* Corporate law, human rights,
* Taxation law,
* Family law,
* Master’s in aviation law and, air transport management,
* In space and telecommunication laws,
* In security and defense laws,
* Copyright law, regulation law,
* International taxation law,
* Insurance law,
* Patent law,
* Administrative law.

**Copy right**

* Falls under international property rights (IPR). It protects the rights of original inventers, creators, in any field and safeguards their inventions or creations against unauthorized use without prior permission.
* *It involves the registration of copy right with copyright office and protection of the interests of inventor or creator.*
* Students who wish to build a career in this stream can pursue on line courses offered by Word Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) or Diploma courses in IPR offered by law colleges which teach copyright law as a module.
* Since there are no specific courses for copyright law, students who pursue an internship for a minimum of six months will gain an insight into what the career entails.

**M. Com**

* The Masters degree covers the study of
* Principles accounting,
* Economic theory—micro and macro economics,
* Money and banking systems,
* Business management,
* Trade and export polices.
* In the final year students may opt for a specialization in one of the fields such as statistics, taxation, accounting and finance, etc.
* M. Com. Course is suitable for candidates who want to pursue higher studies and research in this field and can complete their NET-UGC/ JR examinations and assist research work or take up a teaching assignment.
* It is also suitable for those who are keen to pursue chartered accountancy and company secretary ship;
* Those who want to do research in this field can pursue an M. Phil and PhD later.

**Choices galore for PG students**

* M.Com syllabus should ideally be dynamic on a par with the changing scenario, the marketing curriculum especially, needs to be regularly updated and restructured.
* Entrepreneurship: This will help them multiply employment opportunities, opportunities in society and be the catalyst for change in economy.
* CA, CS and CFA, coupled with a PG degree, gives students good option even today.
* Investment management, auditing, tax planning, corporate banking, global banking, corporate governance etc.
* MBA in finance, marketing or human resource.
* E-commerce, fundamentals of computers, business data processing, ERP, software development etc. give an extra edge
* An M. Phil or PhD after completion of a Master’s degree

1. **PG COURSES IN SCIENCE**

**Current research scope in science**

Students intending to pursue PhD programs in science and engineering have a wide range of opportunities in India today’

* over th last decade, there has been a significant growth in the number of programmes that provide support for students to pursue research degrees.
* Entry to research program is facilitated when students qualify through the CSIRNET and GATE examinations, which are conducted on all India basis.
* Opportunities in pure sciences have grown in recent years with the establishment of five Indian Institutes of Science, viz;
* Education and Research located at Pune, Kolkata, Mohali, Bhopal and Thiruvananthapuram.
* The creation of several new IITs and Central Universities has also expanded available research opportunities.
* In addition to universities, both state and central, a large number of National laboratories of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, Department of Biotechnology and Department of Science and Technology, admit a number of research students every year.
* Employment opportunities for students who acquire PhD degree are also growing since there is a substantial increase in the number of academic faculty positions, which are available across the country.
* The introduction of DST-INSPIRE Faculty Fellowship Program and the UGC’s Faculty Recharge Initiative provide avenue for post-PhD employment.
* Research areas that appear to be particularly attractive for the future lie at the interface of multiple disciplines.
* Students obtaining Bachelor’s and Master’s degree in a specific subject have a great opportunity to migrate to these inter-disciplinary areas.
* As an example the Indian Institute of Science at Bangalore provides admission to inter-disciplinary programs in the areas of mathematical biology, bioengineering, nanoscience and engineering and energy studies.
* Several rapid expanding areas like neuroscience, earth science and chemical and systems biology can accommodate students from diverse branches of science, engineering and medicine.

**Industry view**

* Traditionally the sectors most active in Research & Development in India have been pharmaceutical, fine chemical and the automotive sector. However, now there is a broader interest across many sectors—from machine tools and cement to electronics and healthcare. There has been rapid growth in multinational R&D labs based in India, along with their Indian counterparts. The number of students wanting to pursue PhD is increasing. This is reflective of the opportunities available for those with a PhD qualification

.

**Master of Computer Applications, MCA, (Delhi University);**

**Duration**: 2 years

**Eligibility**:

* Any Bachelor degree, with at least one paper in
* Mathematical sciences (mathematics, computer science, statistics, operational research), under annual mode
* At least 2 papers in mathematical sciences (mathematics, computer science, statistics, operational research) in semester mode or an equivalent degree.
* At least 60% marks in aggregate at graduation level.
* Candidates who are appearing in final year examination are also eligible to apply.

**M.Sc. Computer Science (Delhi University);**

**Duration:** 2 years

**Eligibility:**

* B.Sc. applied Physical science with mathematics and computer science,
* B.Sc. (general) mathematical sciences(10+2+3) with mathematics and computer science from Delhi University or at least 6papers in computer science and 2 papers in mathematics under semester system.
* More details and Form on;
* Website; <http://cs.du.ac.in/>

**Computers**

* **Super-specialized Computer Science,**
* **Electronics and Communications (with specialization in cloud**

**computing and virtualization technology)**

* **PG in Geo-informatics**
* **M.Sc. in Green technology.**

**Faculty of Medicine & Health Services (PG courses in Medical Science)**

1. **M.Sc. Bio-technology.**
2. **M.Sc. Geo-science,**
3. **M.Sc. Medical Anatomy**
4. **M.Sc. Medical Biochemistry**
5. **M.Sc. Medical Pharmacology**
6. **M.Sc. Medical Physiology**
7. **M.Sc. Medical Microbiology.**
8. **MD Anesthesiology**
9. **MD Biochemistry**
10. **MD Community Medicine**
11. **MD Anatomy**
12. **MD Dermatology, venerology and Leprosy**
13. **MD Forensic Science**
14. **MD General Medicine**
15. **MD Microbiology**
16. **MD Pediatrics**
17. **MD Pathology**
18. **MD Pharmacology**
19. **MD Psychiatry**
20. **MD Physiology**
21. **MD Radio-diagnosis**
22. **MD Respiratory Medicine**
23. **MD Radiology**
24. **Master of Public Health**
25. **Master of Social Works**
26. **MS Obstetrics & Gynecology**
27. **MS Ophthalmology**
28. **MS Otto-Rhino-Laryngology**
29. **MS Orthopedics**
30. **MS General Surgery**
31. **MS Medical-anatomy**
32. **Ultra Sonography- 4D (Institute of Public health & hygiene, 011-26782850)**

**Faculty of Physiotherapy**

1. **Master of Physiotherapy** (cardiopulmonary)
2. **Master of Physiotherapy (Neurology)**
3. **Master of Physiotherapy (Orthopedics)**
4. **Master of Physiotherapy (Sports)**
5. **Master of Physiotherapy (Community Rehabilitation)**
6. **Master of Physiotherapy (Gynecology & Obstratics)**
7. **Ph.D. Neurology**
8. **Ph.D. Cardiology**
9. **Ph.D. sports**

**Faculty of Nursing**

1. **M.Sc. (Child-health--Pediatrics Nursing)**
2. **M.Sc. (Obstetrics’ & Gynecology)**
3. **M.Sc. (Psychiatric—Mental Health)**
4. **M.Sc. (Medical—Surgical Nursing)**
5. **M.Sc. (Community Health Nursing)**
6. **Ph. D. Nursing**

**Faculty of Health Allied Sciences**

1. **Master of Optometry**
2. **M.Sc. Nutrition & Dietetics**
3. **M.Sc. Radio-imaging Technology**
4. **M.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology**
5. **M.Sc. Medical Lab technology**
6. **M.Sc. Micro-biology**
7. **PG Diploma in MRI**
8. **PG Diploma Ct Scan**
9. **Ph.D. Nutrition & Dietetics**

**M.Tech.**

1. **M.Tech.** **Nuclear Engineering**
2. **M.Tech. Aerospace**
3. **M.Tech. Oil and Gas, Energy & Power—**2years, NIMS University, jaipur.
4. **M.Tech. Civil Engineering**
5. **M.Tech. Computer Science & Engineering**
6. **M.Tech. Electronics & communication Engineering**
7. **M.Tech. Mechanical Engineering**
8. **Master of Computer Application (MCA)**

**Advanced Engineering**

1. **PhD. Computer Engineering**
2. **PhD. Computer Science & Engineering**
3. **PhD. Electronics & communication Engineering**
4. **PhD. Mechanical Engineering**

**Master of Dental Surgery and Ph.D. in Dental Science**

1. **Conservative Dentistry & Endodontic**
2. **Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery**
3. **Oral Medicine & Radiology**
4. **Oral Pathology and Microbiology**
5. **Prosthodenties and crown and bridge,**
6. **Periodontolology,**
7. **Conservative dentistry,**
8. **Orthodontics and Danto Facial Orthopedics**
9. **Public health and dentistry,**
10. **Paedodentics and preventive dentistry,**
11. **Master of Pharmacy**
12. **Ph.D.**

**Business Administration**

**Business Administration**

**Management (MBA and further studies in India and abroad)**

1. **MBA (and advance study)**
2. **MBA Health Care Services**

**(011-26782850, 26788314, 26786847, 9811817972,9654513469)**

1. **MBA (Supply chain and logistics)**
2. **MBA Hospital Administration**
3. **MBA Economic Legislation**
4. **Management Studies**
5. **Managerial Economics**
6. **Quantitative Technique I & II**
7. **Master ob Business Economics**
8. **M.phil (Management/Administration)**
9. **PhD (Management and Adminisraion)**

**Foreign destinations**

* Though studying in a foreign country can be an enriching academic experience, it is imperative that student select the right program and country. (a complete guide is compiled separately).
* Name of country
* Names of its Universities
* Duration of the course
* Eligibility criteria
* Information regarding the start of session
* Information regarding expenditure
* Financial assistance
* Assistance for getting admission

**EDUCATION COURSES**

**Education Courses**

* **Teachers’ training (B. Ed; M. Ed; M.A. (education and research in Education)**
* **Diploma in Elementary Education (100)**
* **Education management.**
* **Sports and Sport education**

**(D.P. Ed, B.P.Ed, M.P.Ed, *Delhi, Lucknow* )**

* **DIET**
* **Educational/vocational School Counselor**

1. **Montessori Teaching (109)**
2. **Technical Education**

**Integrated Courses**

* **B. Pharma+ MBA (Dual Degree—NIMS University)**
* **BCA+MCA—5 years..**
* **B. tech+ MBA ……….. 5 years**
* **B.Sc. + M. Sc ………….. 5 years**
* **B. Sc+ Agriculture + Food- business ……. 5 years**
* **BBA+MBA (Integrated)------(all above…NIMS University, 09571703917, 09829051020)**

**JOB OPPORTUNITIES AFTER UG & PG**

**Civil Services, IAS, IPS, IRS, IRS, etc--Conducted by (UPSC)**

**Civil services Examination**

It is a nationwide competitive examination in India conducted by Union Public Service Commission for recruitment to various Civil Services of Government of India including Indian Administrative Services (IAS), Indian Foreign Services (IFS), and Indian Police Services (IPS)

**UPSC Examination:** it is conducted in three phases – a Preliminary Examination consisting of two objective-type papers (General Studies Paper I. and General Studies Paper II also popularly known as Civil Services Aptitude Test CSAT) and a main examination consisting of nine papers of conventional type (essay type), in which two papers are qualifying and only marks of seven are counted followed by a personality test (interview)

**Process:** The Civil Service Examination is based on the British Raj-era Imperial Civil Service tests conducted by old Indian Empires such as in the Maryann Empire and Munhal Empire. It is considered to be one of the most difficult competitive examinations in India. on average, 9,00,000 to 10,00,000 candidates apply every year and t+he number of candidates sitting is approximately 5,00,000.

**Stage I:**

**Preliminary Examination** held in June every year **results** are published in mid August

**Stage II: Mains**

* Examination held in October every year. Results are announced in January.
* Personality test (interview) - held in March. Final results are usually announced in May.
* The training program for the selected candidates usually commence the following September.

**Eligibility**

* Must be an Indian Citizen
* A Citizen of Nepal or Bhutan
* A Tibetan refugee who settled permanently in India
* A person of Indian of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Kenya, Uganda, Tanzania, Zambia, Malawi, Zaire, Ethiopia with the intention of permanently settling in India.

**Educational Qualification**

* A degree from central, state or a deemed university
* A degree received from correspondence
* A degree from an open university
* A qualification recognized by the Government of India as being equivalent to one of the above.
* Candidates who have appeared in ann examination the passing of which would render them educationally qualified enough to satisfy one of the above points.
* Candidates who have passed the final exam of the MBBS degree but have not yet completed an internship.
* A degree from a private university
* A degree from any foreign university
* The candidates who have passed the final exam of ICAI, ICSI, ICWAI

**Age limit (August, 1)**

* 21 years to 32 years – for general category
* 37 – for SC/ST
* 40 years – for defense service personals disabled in operation during hostilities.

**Number of attempts**

* General category – 6
* OBC ------------------ 9
* SC/ST ----------------- no limit till 32 years
* Appearing to attempt one of the papers in the preliminary examination is counted as an attempt including disqualification/ cancellation of candidature
* However, applying to sit in the exam but, failing to attend is not counted as an attempt.

1. **Army, Navy**
2. **Detective (102)**
3. **Flight Attendants (Cabin crew)**

**JOINING THE INDIAN AIR FORCE (Combined Defense Service Exam)**

Eligibility: Bachelor’s in any stream with Math and Physics in Class 12th.

No minimum percentage is specified.

19-23 years age

Only men are eligible

CDS is conducted twice a year (February and August)

Notification appears on the official UPSC Website (<http://careerairforce.nic.in>) as well as in leading dailies and Employment News

**Flying Officer (Pilot) through Short Service Commission**

**Eligibility:**

* Tech. with 60% marks
* 19-23 years
* Only men

**Notification in December and June in Employment News and National Dailies.**

**Direct Entry Scheme as a Flying Officer:**

* Eligibility for Flying Officer is Aeronautical Engineers (electronics) is a B.Tech. with 60% marks.
* 18-28 (if married)---18-25(if unmarried)
* Both men and women are eligible.
* Notification in December and June in Employment News and other national Dailies.
* Aeronautical Engineering deals with Developing. Constructing, Designing, Maintaining and Operating missile and military aircrafts.
* Computer technology is used to enhance the learning process
* Aeronautical Engineering also involves the aerospace Engineering dealing with both aspects of Spacecraft and Aircraft

**Police.**

* **Age—18 to 21 years**
* **Qualifications—**10+2 (from a recognized institution)
* Height—minimum 170 cm
* **Chest**: minimum 81cm to 85 cm (with minimum expansions of 4 cms.)
* **Sub-inspector in DP.**
* **Qualification:** Graduation
* **Selection:** through Staff Selection Commission (SSC) through graduate Level **Examination under central armed police forces** (CAPF) which covers all the Para Military Forces of the Country.

**Career opportunities available in DP**

* Constable
* Ministerial cadre
* Sub-Inspector
* Assistant Commissioner of Police

Recruitment 2019,

Notification—15000 vacancies

Form, apply on line: www.delhipolice.nic.in

10th pass and 12th pass

Age: 18—30 years

All details are available at official website:

delhipolice.gov.in

delhipolicerecruitment.nic.in

height: minimum 165 cm.

chest: minimum: 76 cm (unexpended) &80 cms expended

1. Physical Standard Test (PST)
2. Physical Efficiency Test (PET)
3. Written Examination (OMR based or CBT based)
4. Personal Interview (PI)
5. Document Verification (DV)

**They are required to appear for physical examination, written test and intervie**

**Pilot**

**Introduction**

* To become a Commercial Pilot, one must possess CPL (Commercial Pilot License).
* This license is issued after a candidate clears the training program from an institute recognized by Civil Aviation Authority of that country, DGCA in case of India.

**Qualifications**

* 10+2 (PCM)
* Minimum marks: 50%

**Fitness Standards**

* A commercial Pilot has to be fit physically and mentally.
* That’s why during the selection process, lots of emphasis is laid on the medical status of the candidate.
* Here are some medical standards set by authorities, which interested candidates have to satisfy in order to get selected into CPL training program;

1. **Class I Medical certificate is needed before joining the CPL.**
2. **Eyesight specifics—one eye has to have perfect eyesight, without any defects (6/6). It is allowed to have certain imperfections in the eyesight of the other eye (6/9)**. **But, this imperfection should be corrected to 6/6.**
3. **Candidate must not have any serious physical deformity. Also he/she should not have any kind of mental disorder, or any history of having such mental illness.**

In case you have passed 12th Science, you may join the CPL training program if you meet the above mentioned educational and medical standards. You may approach private institutes, fill forms and get started.

Most institutes have a **Pilot Aptitude test,** which a candidate must clear, in order to get selected. The Aptitude test is a **3 stage process** comprising of

1. **Written Examination**
2. **Interview** and
3. **Aptitude Test.**

* The written examination deals with subjects like, **Mathematics, Geography, General Knowledge, English Skills etc.**
* Candidates who manage to clear these two stages are called for the third stage. **Medical examination** is conducted.
* Finally, a merit list is prepared, based on the performance of candidate in each stage of the selection process as well as the medical examination.
* Based on merit, deserving candidates will be selected and trained to become Commercial Pilots.
* Once selected for the CPL training, students with no prior flying experience are given Ab initio CPL training.
* The duration of the entire program may vary from one institute to another.
* On an average, it could last anywhere between 15—18 months
* Most flying schools offer combination of **ground Training** and **Flying Training. Simulator Training** is also given to candidates.
* Ground Training consists of subjects like Air Navigation, Aviation meteorology, Air Regulations, RTR, Aircraft General and technical knowledge.
* Flying Training, at first, will be supervised. A flight instructor will assist and guide the candidate at start.
* To obtain the CPL, a candidate must complete **200 hours** of flight time. This flight time is usually made up of time; as pilot in command; instrument time and flight time by night.
* After clocking the required flying hours, one may apply for CPL.
* After passing the exam held by DGCA (subjects are –Air navigation, Air regulation, Aviation Meteorology, Aircraft technical & General Knowledge and Aircraft Specific Knowledge), successful candidates will be awarded the **CPL.** Passing marks or percentage for these exams held by DGCA are 70%
* Once a candidate completes the training and has the CPL he/she may apply for job at commercial airlines or charter companies.
* But, possessing CPL is not the end of it!
* After getting CPL, you may also have to spend money for type rating.
* Based on the airline that you join and the aircraft you will fly, you will be given specific training (keeping that aircraft in mind). You will be asked to pay expenses of this **type rating** by the airlines.
* Airlines these days prefer pilots possessing the **ATPL** (Airline Transport Pilot License).
* For possessing the ATPL, candidates must have at least 1500 hours of flight time under his/her belt.
* He/she also has to pass 4 of the exams mentioned above.

**Current trends in the insurance Sector:**

* According to the Insurance regulatory and development Authority, the premium collected by Indian Insurance increased substantially during last couple of years.
* The Indian insurance industry is bifurcated into many segments, due to which there is an abundance of jobs for graduates.
* It has 52 insurance companies, of which24 are in “Life Insurance” business 28 are non-life insurer.
* Stakeholders in the market include agent (individual and corporate), brokers, surveyors and third party administrators serving health insurance claims.
* Additionally with various innovations catering to the market need, newer jobs are constantly on offer.
* For instance, traditionally, the areas covered under insurance included ,life insurance, pensions and education plans for children.
* However, people can now insure their weddings (against cancellation) as well.
* Beside core insurance functions, there are various job opportunities for fresh candidate in areas such as sale, operations, IT and finance.
* Opportunities that require candidate to identify new channels for expanding insurance and strengthening the existing channels also exist.
* A bachelor’s degree is a minimum requirement to be eligible for insurance kob in India.
* More importantly what companies look for in graduates is a knack to sell.
* Most companies however, conduct an orientation for fresh recruits to acquaint them with how the industry functions and train new employees in the fundamental skillsthey would need on the job.

**Master of trade (Stock brokers)**

* Stock brokers are involved in buying and selling shares for clients for a commission.
* There are some big brokerage firms, however, who do not restrict themselves just to shares. They offer mutual funds, insurances, currencies, and other financial products as well.
* Fresh Graduates/post-graduates get jobs as assistant relationship managers (ARMs) and relationship managers (RSM).
* They are required to be in constant touch with the clients, inform them of market movements and advise them on the amount of risk they should take.
* Becoming a sub-broker or a franchise of a big brokerage company is an option.
* As a sub-broke you will need to deposit a certain amount of money depending on the volumes you plan to handle.
* It is not easy to become a full-fledged broker, as the card which allows you to trade is quite expensive.

**Getting there**

* Most brokerage firms hire ARMs and RMs from noted MBA institutes.
* In addition to your business degree, you could arm yourself with certificates such as National Stock Exchange’s certification in financial markets and the Bombay Stock Exchange certification on derivatives exchange.

**Institutes and ORLS**

* BSE Training Institutes Mumbai ([www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com))
* National Stock Exchange Mumbai (nseindia.com)
* Institute of Company Secretaries of India, New Delhi ([www.icsi.edu](http://www.icsi.edu))
* Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, ND ([www.icai.org](http://www.icai.org))
* **Skills/traits**
* You should understand the pulse of the Sensex and Nifty.
* Trust and integrity, otherwise you can hurt the client’s prospects and the Company’s reputation.
* You deal with people’s life savings, so giving the right advice is critical.

**Pros and cons**

* The Stock Market is directly connected with economic growth, so higher GDP means higher salaries.
* One mistake can cost clients heavy, so pressure is high.
* The work can affect family life.

**The payoff**

* A relation manager with an MBA in finance can draw 6 lakhs or more depending on the firm.
* Non-finance RMs earn less.
* A good RM can rise to become a team leader, a zonal manager of a branch.

**Cluster Innovation Centre (CIC)** [**www.cic.du.ac.in**](http://www.cic.du.ac.in) **or www.du.ac.in**

UG admissions. (B.Tech; BS innovation with Math; B.Tech. Humanities)

A flagship centre of university of Delhi started in 2011, with the aim of inter linking academia, society and industry through innovative activities offer undergraduate programmes B.Tech; BS innovation with Mathematics; and IT and B.Tech humanities (under Meta College concept)

Students enrolled in any of the regular courses at the University are eligible to apply for admission to the B.Tech/BS innovation in Mathematics and IT.

To apply for B.Tech. humanities, a student needs to be enrolled in any programme of study in any college, School of Open learning or Non-Collegiate Women’s Education board. The enterence examination forms are available since mid June of the academic session.

Admission to these courses is through a written exam followed by an Interview of the short listed students. Forms can be taken from CIC or downloaded from the web site.

**What is DAIRY Management?**

We love all the things milky, be it ghee, paneer. khoya, butter and various other milky products. So, it is not surprising that India in one of the largest producers in the world.

Whereas the Dairy technology is concerned with obtaining and processing milk and milk products Dairy management involves the principles and processes for managing the dairy industry. Dairy management professionals manage the entire gamut of activities involved in processing milk into diverse products besides its transportation and distribution etc. in recent years, the inclusion of technology and management principles in the dairy sector has made it more professional, setting the stage for dairy management professionals.

* Dairy technology and management courses are offered in many universities (mostly agricultural universities) in the country.
* 0These are designed to equip students with basic knowledge of production, design and management of the industry.
* The curriculum covers areas such as entrepreneurship, involving milk conservation, dairy processing and farm management as well.
* Standalone courses in dairy management are relatively fever.
* The principles of dairy management typically are covered in PG level programs in Dairy engineering and dairy economics.

# AGRI-FORCE

# Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU) school of Agriculture offers a six-month post-graduate certificate program in agriculture policy to develop human resource for planning, development and implementation of National policies in agriculture.

# The program, which is also offered on line ()[www.ignouonline.ac.in/soa](http://www.ignouonline.ac.in/soa)), covers various aspects essential for policy formulation to achieve overall economic development of the country. The curriculum addresses the factors related to the agriculture development process in India, farmers’ plight, their intellectual property rights issues in case of plant breeding and others, and research opportunities.

**EARTH SCOPE**

* Earth science is the broadest in scope among the natural sciences.
* Brock (land), ocean, air and living organisms interact through physical, chemical and biological processes that move materials and energy on the Earth.
* This subject thus gives full understanding of the natural world we live in.
* Geo-sciences address ideological challenges and social issues.
* Vital industries like oil and mining need interaction with geoscientists for their developments.
* Hence, there stands a need to build strong departments of Earth science with sustained leadership.

**Subject Areas**

* Geosciences falls under three categories

1. Academic/research (for example, understanding origin and distribution of resources).
2. Developmental (making roads, bridges, dams etc.).
3. Awareness (global warming, climate, water and environment).
4. **Academic scenario**

* The subject is offered after 10+2, although some knowledge about rocks, fossils and environment is integrated into general science courses in schools.
* Standardized tests for colleges do not list geosciences.
* In some universities, the subject is introduced at the undergraduate level with other science subjects.
* Postgraduate education in earth science leads to an M.Sc. in Geology /Geo-physics.
* IITs at Kharagpur, Mumbai, Roorkee and Bhubaneswar have full flagged departments of earth sciences where admissions are made on the basis of JEE results.
* Earth science is a part of BS-MS five year duel degree programme in some of the recently-established IIRSER (Indian Institute of Science Education and Research), particularly in Kolkata, Mohali and Theruvanathapuram.

# Off-beat careers

# Generation today, have a pool of options to choose from depending upon their interest, skills and personal characteristics. Some people are not comfortable for the traditional careers and work place. They have a desire to do something different from the regular ones. Unconventional careers are becoming more and more popular with majority of individuals opting for these challenging opportunities with a will to make an impact in this ever changing and growing world.

# Considering various occupations, there will be a significant amount of growth between now and coming next 10 years. Let us look at some interesting careers which are paved by the passion of the out-of-the-box thinkers.

# Cartoonist

# Cartoon Animators are generally required to have a bachelor’s degree in animation, graphic design or fine arts with certain skills and practical experience. Cartoon animators work in the entertainment, design and advertising industries. These professionals combine their drawing skills with art techniques to create television shows, animated commercials, and other products. A bachelor’s degree is usually required in order to become a cartoon animator, and most employers require submission of a professional portfolio as well.

# Calligrapher:

# Calligraphy is a visual art, but one who is dedicated solely to the creation of text. It is in high demand in the areas such as wedding stationery; font and logo design;and even for the creation of inscriptions and historical documents. In fact as we move towards a world where ever increasing amount of text appear online, the hand written word seems to be more highly celebrated than ever before. *The word calligraphy is formed from two Greek words, ‘kalli’ i.e. beautiful and ‘graphy’ means writing.* “The beautiful writing”.

# System Analyst

# Most employers require system analyst to have at least a bachelors degree in computer system analysis, computer science, computer information systems, management information systems, business intelligence and the similar fields. they are the big thinkers in IT. These professionals analyze an organization’s current computer systems and procedures, and recommend strategic changes to increase productivity, reduce costs and accomplish other business goals. The system analyst’s prime directive is to maximize the return on investment (ROI) of an organization’s IT spends.

# Food blogging

# Food blogging represents a complex interweaving of “foodie” or gourmet interest in cooking with those of blog writing and photography. The majority of blogs use pictures taken by taken by the author himself/herself and some of them focus specially on food photography. There are different types of food blogging. Bloggers cook extensively; and from a blog that documents highly authentic recipes or experimental food or just about anything that one is cookin

# Jewelry designer

# Becoming a jewelry designer give you the freedom to express yourself creativity, and share your designs with the world to enjoy. You have the opportunity to be self employed or work for reputable jewelers. It is your choice to learn the trade through on-the-job training or gain formal training at a school. This job is perfect for driven people who need a way to share their creativity and style others.

# Fitness experts/personal trainer

# There are thousands of people who are passionate about health and fitness and considering a career change. It ia a better option, if they have a degree and they know or learn about the biochemistry, anatomy and exercise physiology. Getting a certificate as a personal trainer may be the other option. Unlike in certain other fields, there are no predetermined paths in fitness. In other words, there is no single or obvious path to becoming a successful health and fitness coach. But, you can create your own unique path to the dream job you want.

# Travel planners.

# If you want to start a successful independent travel agency

# Connect with a host agency. One of the best tips is to connect with a host agency to begin a career as an independent travel agent.

# Make sure that you get the necessary training

# Develop a Niche Market.

# Become the expert

# Give your customers the service you may want for yourself.

# Skin-care specialist: A Cosmetology Education

# As an inspiring skincare specialist or esthetician, you need an education, but not a traditional college degree like an associate’s, bachelors or master’s degree. Instead you will need specialized training in the field of professional skincare training school.

# Athlete trainer

# An Athlete-trainer requires a bachelor’s degree or preferably a master’s degree in athletic training.

# Gaining of experience is recommended

# Obtain certification and licensure

# Degree level: bachelor’s or master’s

# Degree field: Athletic training

# Training/experience: clinical field training constitutes experience for entry-level positions.

# Certificate: enquire, if a certificate is required

# Key skills: Decision making; communication; interpersonal skills; detail oriented; compassion

# Some of the occupations listed above require years of training and experience. Those who join these professions after 10+2 can easily make the way into any of these careers and find as the experience grows, provided there exists a zest for it. In other careers a UG or PG degree is required.

**Top 10 Business Schools/Institution in India**

1. **IIT------------Amedabad**
2. **IIT-----------Kolkatta**
3. **IIT------------angalore**
4. **Xavier labour Relations Institute--------Jamshedpur**
5. **Indian Institute of management----------Lucknow**
6. **IIM-----Kozhikode**
7. **Management Development Institute------Gurgaon**
8. **Faculty of Management Studies-------University of Delhi, Delhi**
9. **Amity Business School, Noida**
10. **Pri. LN Welingkar Institute of Management Development and Research, Mumbai**

**Rank--12. Jumnalal Bajaj Institute of Management studies, Mumbai (Rank-12)**

**Rank--13. Indian Institute of Foreign Trade, Delhi (Rank-13)**

**Rank--18. International Management Institute, Delhi (Rank-18)**

**Rank--19. Institute of management Technology, Ghaziabad (19)**

**Rank--28. Institute of Management Studies, Ghaziabad (28)**

**Rank--32. Delhi School of Management, Delhi Technological University (32)**

**Rank--35. FORE School of Management, Delhi (35)**

**Rank--37. Department of Management Studies, IIT (37)**

**Rank--48. Lal Bahadur Shastri Institute of Management, Delhi (48)**

**Rank--49. Faculty of Management Studs, Manv Rchna Intitutional Univrsty, Faridabad (49)**

**Rank--50. Jagan Institute of Management Studies (JIMS), Rohni, Delhi (50)**

**B.Tech Colleges in Delhi**

* **IIT Delhi**
* **Netaji Subhash institute of Technology, New Delhi.**
* BE in Computer Engineering……………….. 1.41 lakh/annum
* BE in Information Technology ……………..……………..do…..………... .
* BE in Electronics & communication Eng..…………….do………………....
* BE in Bio-technology………………………………………..….do…….......
* BE in Instrumentation and Control Eng. ………….…..do…………………
* BE in Manufacturing Process & Automation Eng….do…..………………..
* BE in Mechanical Eng…………………………………………..do…...…..
* **National Institute of Technology**
* **Ambedkar Institute of Advanced Communication Technologies & Research**
* B. Tech in Computer Science
* B. Tech in Electronics & communication Eng
* B. Tech in Computer Science & Eng (lateral entry)
* B. tech in Electronics &Communication Eng (lateral entry)
* **Bhagwan Parshuram Institute of Technology, New Delhi**

**(affiliated to Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University)**

* B.Tech Computer Science &Engineering, 120 seats
* BT in Elec. & Commu. Eng. 120 seats
* BT in Elect. & Electronics Eng 60 seats
* BT in IT, 60 seats
* **Northern India Engineering College, ND.**

**(affiliated to Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University)**

* BT in Civil Engg, 120 seats, 44,000/annum
* BT in Mech & Auto Engg (2nd shift also) seats 180, Rs.44,000/annum
* BT in Com Science & Engg seats 120, Rs. 44,000/annum
* BT in Electronics & Communication Enngg. Seats 180, Rs.1.02/annum.
* BT in Ele & Electronics Engg seats 120, Rs44,000/annum
* BT in IT seats 120, Rs.44,000/annum
* BT in Electronics & Communication (2nd shift), seats 60, Rs. 44,000/annum
* Bt in Ele & Electronics (2nd shift) seats 60 Rs.44,000
* BT in Mech Engg, seats 60 , Rs 44,000/annum
* And many more
* **Jamia Hamdard, ND**
* BT in Food Tech seats 30, Rs. 37,000/annum
* BTin Comp SC & Engg Rs. 37,000/annum
* BT in Electronics & Communication
* **Inderprastha Institute of Information & Technology, ND (11 courses)**

**(affiliated to Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University)**

* BT in Comp Sc. & Engg seats 110, Rs.1.17,000/annum
* BT in Elecs & communication seats 80, Rs.1.17,000/annum
* 9 more.
* **Ch. Brahmprakash Government Engg.College (6 courses of 4 years each are offered)**
* BT in Civil (lateral entry also)
* BT in Environmental Engg.(lateral Entry also)
* BT in IT (lateral entry also)
* **Delhi Institute of Tool Engg.(DITE)**

**(affiliated to Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University)—5 courses offered**

* BT in Mechatronics. Rs. 60,000/annum
* BT in Tool Engg. Rs.60,000/annum
* And others
* **JMI. Jamia Nagar**
* **Centre for Civil Aviation Training (CCAT), ND**

**(Approved by DGCA)**

* BT in Aircraft Maintenance Engg Rs. 85,000/annum
* BT in Aeronautical Engg Rs.79,000/annum
* BT in Aircraft Maintenance Engg. Rs.85,000/annum

**CAT**

**(Aspirants should make planned efforts to maximize their chances of success)**

The common admission test (CAT) is a computer based test held in India… the Indian Institute of Management (IIMs) started this exam and use the test for selecting students for their Business Administration Programs. The test is conducted every year by one of the IIMs based on the policy of rotation.

* CAT aspirants should make planned efforts to maximize their chances of cracking it.
* The first task of any aspirant is to complete the basics in all the test areas at the earliest possible but preferably not later than 30 days before they take the CAT.

**Basics include**

**Quantitative Ability:**

Quant:

* arithmetic, basic algebra, geometry and mensuration, and modern maths

Data Interpretation:

* Tables, line, bar and pie charts, routes and networks etc.
* After the basics students should focus on solving questions that require application of the knowledge under severe time pressure.
* They should also practice to built skills in using alternative methods to solve questions like option judging, elimination of unlikely options, substitution of numerical values etc.
* They should also build speed by solving questions using mental calculations and visual observation.

**Verbal ability**

Logical Reasoning:

* Calendars, clocks, cubes, syllogisms, Conditional Statements, Venn Diagrams, Maxima-Minima, Binary Logic, Games and Tournaments, Logic Puzzles, etc.

**English Grammar basics:**

* Reading, comprehension (RC)- reading on various different subjects on line.
* Vocabulary: consulting the dictionary regularly to know the contextual usage of unfamiliar words/usage.
* Data interpretation and logical reasoning areas are skill-intensive.
* Hence practice and more practice will help you to sharpen your skills.
* Verbal areas require you to have strong fundamentals in grammar.
* A good vocabulary and a varied reading habit are a must to do well in RC.
* This is also an area where you may get into trouble due to more wrong answers and negative marks, so you have to be on your guard.
* Once your basics are more or less in place, you should take plenty of mock tests that are similar to the CAT and are taken by a large number of students.

**Mock tests play a crucial role in**

* Understanding your relative strengths and weaknesses vis-à-vis other test takersso that you can work on the same and improve.
* Fine tuning your time management and question identification skills that help you to attempt maximum possible questions.
* Understanding the reasons behind your mistakes so that you do not repeat these again.
* Developing stamina and temperament for a 140-minute computer based CAT.
* Use the last one month before the CAT to take and thoroughly analyze your performance in each mock test so that you are ready to take the actual test confidently.

**On line course for free**

* [www.courser,org](http://www.courser,org)
* [www.udacity.com](http://www.udacity.com)
* [www.edx.org](http://www.edx.org)
* [www.ietsintern.com](http://www.ietsintern.com) (intern in the field of your choice)
* [www.hellointern.com](http://www.hellointern.com) (intern in the field of your choice)

**Gap year**

* Taking a year off gives the freedom to experience different fields.
* Make a list of all the things you find interesting and priorities.
* Make a proper schedule for the day for maximum utilization of time.
* Join an online course for free.
* For intern ship opportunities visit any of the above web site.
* Pursue a hobby of your choice.
* Travel and meet the people from varied background.

**CMAT: THE SECOND MOST IMPORTANT TEST AFTER CAT**

* The common Management Admission Test (**CMAT**) conducted by All India Council for Technical Education, has become the second most important test after the CAT for MBA aspirants.
* First conducted in Feb, 2012 CMAT is a computer based multiple-choice, objective-type test that takes place twice a year. As per the latest XAT exam pattern, the exam will be on line based with a time period of 3.5 hours. From academic year 2020-21 onwards, the CMAT exam will be conducted only once a year in January.
* CMAT has replaced a large number of state entrance tests in states such as U.P. (UPSEE), Kerala, Maharashtra (MCET), Rajasthan (RMAT) etc. scores will be used by more than 2000 B-schools in India including top b-schools like Jamnalal Bajaj, Mumbai.
* CMAT is a 180-minute test having 100 questions divided into 4 sections;

1. Legal reasoning
2. Verbal ability
3. Numerical ability- data interpretation
4. General awareness

* Each section includes 25 questions, each with 4 options, the right answer will get you 4 marks while 1 mark is deducted for each wrong answer.
* While CMAT syllabus is similar to CAT, except general awareness.
* It is perceived to be relatively easier test than the latter.
* Good preparation for general awareness is a must to get a good score.

**EXAMAMS REQUIRED TO STUDY IN US**

**SAT**

Introduced in 1926, its name and scoring have changed several times

* **Originally called: Scholastic Aptitude Test,** later
* **Scholastic Assessment Test:**
* **Then SAT reasoning Test,** and now simply the **SAT.**
* It is needed for admission to most US Colleges.
* A few colleges in Singapore and Canada.
* SAT consists of **writing, critical reading,** and **Math.**
* Maximum score for this exam is 2400.
* A separate writing section on 12 is also a part of the exam.
* You can take the SAT as many times as you like and send only your best score.
* To register for SAT visit, [www.collegeboard.com](http://www.collegeboard.com)

**TOEFL**

* **T**est **O**f **E**nglish as a **F**oreign **L**anguage.
* An under graduate and graduate exam needed by almost all students who wish to study abroad.
* Designed to measure the English proficiency of non-English speaking people
* Divided into 3 sections, it tests the reading, listening, writing and speaking skills.
* Although the exam is primarily needed by US universities, many universities in UK and Canada recognize the TOEFL.

**GMAT**

* It stands for **Graduate Management Admission Test.**
* Needed for admission to almost all top business schools.
* It consists of English and Math and tests the analytical and logical skills.
* The sections of the exam include verbal and quantitative reasoning, analytical writing and a recently added integrated reasoning sect ion.

**GRE**

* **GRE** stands for **Graduate record Examination.**
* It is needed for admission to most non-business programmes in the US.
* Some institutes in UK (such as London School of Economics) also need the GRE.
* Many business schools around the world have now begun to accept the GRE.
* The section of the exam include xerbal and quantitative reasoning and an analytical writing section. Maximum points for the exam are 340 and most top graduate schools expect candidates to have scores over 320 to be considered for admission (writing section is scored separately for 6). Students can log on to [www.gre.org](http://www.gre.org)

**AP**

* **AP** stands for Advance Placement
* These are the tests that allow a person to get college credit for taking(and passing)the test.
* They are put out by a company called the college Board.
* It is the same company that puts out the **SAT** test.
* A score of 3 or higher is generally considered good and 5 is especially impressive since it is the highest score.
* It comprises university level courses and exams, which can be taken by secondary school students to prepare for university level study in 34 subjects.
* More than 18,000 schools in 115 countries offer the AP courses and exams, where students can take college-level courses while they are still in school.
* They are better prepared for college, especially because they develop critical thinking skills through these courses.
* A student must be under 21 years of age at the time of exam.

**Curricular Practical Training (CPT)** lets you take advantage of working full-time in a professional organization during vacations or for a semester or two during your degree closely supervised by teaching faculty.

**Optional Practical Training (OPT)** allows you to work in US for the duration of 12 months in the area of your specialization after the completion of your degree. Students graduating in science, technology, engineering and math(STEM) may extend OPT up to an additional 17 months.

In addition to CPT and OPT, students on the F1 visa are permitted to work on campus for 20 hours per week.

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**“TIME”**

**“Time” waits for no one**

**“Time” stops for no one**

**Your excuses will not slow “Time”**

**Your indecisions will not delay “Time”**

**Tour complaining will not stall “Time”**

**Your regrets will not turn back “Time”**

**So, don’t waste your “Time” in anger, regrets, worries and hate**

**Because “Time” will not turn back and cry along with you**

**It’s “Time” to let go of the past and stop worrying about the future**

**Your only “Time” is now**

**So, make sure you spend your “Time” with the right purpose,**

**With the right deeds,**

**With the right emotions,**

**With the right thoughts,**

**And with the right people**

**“Time” flies! That’s a fact**

**But you can always spread your wings and soar with “Time”**

**And navigate life the best that you can**

**Remember, you will never pass a route again**

**Make it count--“Time”. Do what it does—keep moving.**